

Example 1.6. $P = \mathcal{O}_2$: fractional ideal of F equipped w/ the inner product on \mathcal{O}_1 . (induced from $F \otimes$)

$$\Rightarrow \text{Vol}_{\text{Leb}}(\bar{\alpha}) = 2^{-r_2} \cdot (N(\mathcal{O}_2) \cdot |\Delta_F|^{1/2})$$

$(\mathcal{O}_2, \mathcal{H})$ ↑ Norm of \mathcal{O}_2 .

$\mathcal{O}_2 \hookrightarrow F \hookrightarrow (\mathbb{R}^{r_1} \times \mathbb{C}^{r_2})$
 ↑
 standard metric

Def. Canonical volume of Λ :

$$\text{vol}(\Lambda) = \text{Vol}_{\text{can}}(\Lambda) := 2^{r_2 \cdot \text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda)} \cdot \text{Vol}_{\text{Leb}}(\Lambda)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{vol}(\bar{\mathcal{O}}_2) = N(\mathcal{O}_2) \cdot |\Delta_F|^{1/2} \quad \& \quad \text{vol}(\bar{\mathcal{O}}_F) = |\Delta_F|^{1/2}$$

Arakelov-Riemann-Roch Thm.

$$-\log(\text{vol}(\Lambda)) =: \chi(F, \Lambda) = \text{deg}(\Lambda) - \frac{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda)}{2} \cdot \log|\Delta_F|$$

Def. An \mathcal{O}_F -lattice Λ is semi-stable

$$\forall \Lambda_1 \subseteq \Lambda \quad \text{vol}(\Lambda_1)^{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda)} \geq \text{vol}(\Lambda)^{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda_1)}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \forall \Lambda_1 \subseteq \Lambda \quad \frac{\text{deg}(\Lambda_1)}{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda_1)} \leq \frac{\text{deg}(\Lambda)}{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda)}$$

← (Analogue of Minkowski, for balls/cubes)

$$\Leftrightarrow \text{Vol}_{\text{Leb}}(\Lambda_1)^{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda)} \geq \text{Vol}_{\text{Leb}}(\Lambda)^{\text{rk}_{\mathcal{O}_F}(\Lambda_1)}$$

III. Moduli Spaces of semi-stable \mathcal{O}_F -lattices

$\mathcal{M}_{F,n}$: moduli space of semi-stable \mathcal{O}_F -lattices of \mathcal{O}_F -rank $n := \{ \mathcal{O}_F\text{-lattices of rank } n \} / \sim_{\text{Isom}}$

$\mathcal{M}_{F,n}[T]$: subspace of $\mathcal{M}_{F,n}$ consisting of Λ of volume T .

Facts. (i) $\mathcal{M}_{F,n} = \bigsqcup_{[\mathcal{O}_F] \in \text{Cl}_F} \mathcal{M}_{F,n}^{\mathcal{O}_2}$ ← consisting of Λ s.t. $P_\Lambda \cong \mathcal{O}_F^{n-1} \oplus \mathcal{O}_2$
 [finite decomposition]

(ii) $\mathcal{M}_{F,n} = \bigsqcup_{T \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}} \mathcal{M}_{F,n}[T]$
 ← continuous decomposition

(iii) $\mathcal{M}_{F,n}$ & $\mathcal{M}_{F,n}[T]$ admit natural metric structures, corresponding measures satisfying

(iv) $\mathcal{M}_{F,n}[T]$: compact & $\mathcal{M}_{F,n}[T] \cong \mathcal{M}_{F,n}[1] \times_{\mathbb{R}_{>0}} \mathbb{R}_{>0}$ ($du = du_T \times \frac{dT}{T}$)