

Thm. TFAE: (i) $\alpha \in GL_n(\mathbb{A}) = \mathbb{I}_F$ is positive (positivity) (1)
 (ii) $\alpha \in GL_n(\mathbb{A})$ is ample (ample) (2)
 (iii) $\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} h^1(F, \alpha^m \mathcal{O}_F) = 0 \forall \mathcal{O}_F \in GL_n(F)$ (Vanishing thm)

Thm (Effective Vanishing thm) (van der Geer-Schoof, Groechenigen $N \geq 1$, Weyl $N \geq 1$)
 If Λ : s-stable \mathcal{O}_F -lattice of rank n satisfying $\text{deg}(\Lambda) \leq -cF = -c \cdot \frac{n \log n}{2}$
 then $h^0(F, \Lambda) \leq \frac{3^{rk_{\mathbb{Z}}(\Lambda)}}{1 - \frac{\log 3}{a}} \cdot e^{(cF - \alpha) \cdot e^{-2 \text{deg}(\Lambda) / rk_{\mathbb{Z}}(\Lambda)}}$

* More generally $X^{(1)} / \mathcal{O}_F$ arithmetic variety, \mathcal{O}_F / X : locally free

K. Sugahara - Weyl: $\exists H_{ar}^0(X, \mathcal{O}_F), \dots, H_{ar}^{n+1}(X, \mathcal{O}_F)$

Adelic Approach / Chevalley, Parshin, Osipov.

In particular, for arithmetic surfaces $X^{(1)} / \mathcal{O}_F$,

$\widehat{A}_X^{ar} \simeq A_X^{ar}$ & \exists subspaces $A_{X,01}^{ar}, A_{X,02}^{ar}$ & $(A_{X,12}^{(D)})^{ar}$
 s.t. $(A_{X,01}^{ar})^\perp = A_{X,01}^{ar}, (A_{X,02}^{ar})^\perp = A_{X,02}^{ar} \forall$ arabelian divisors D
 & $(A_{X,12}^{(D)})^\perp = A_{X,12}^{(W)-D}$.

Thm. (S-W) $H_{ar}^i(X, D) \simeq H_{ar}^{2-i}(X, (W)-D) \quad i=0,1,2$

for $D \in X \leftarrow$ arithmetic surfaces

Key: Parshin-Beilinson \leftarrow ~~Ind-Pur top.~~ Adelic cohomology.
 Parshin-Osipov \leftarrow & Uniformity between Srin & Sugahara.
 Ind-Pur top \leftarrow Weyl. *