

Averages

Def. (i) Elliptic Average (for a fixed r)

$$M_{E,r}(\mathcal{S}) := \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sum_{\substack{L: |D_L| \leq x \\ r(E/L) = r}} \mathcal{S}(\text{III}^{(r)}(E/L))}{\sum_{\substack{L: |D_L| \leq x \\ r(E/L) = r}} 1}$$

(ii) Torsion Average: F : \mathbb{C} -valued / iso. classes of pure fusion coherent sheaves.

$$M_r(F) := \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sum_{N(\mathcal{O}_L) \leq x} \frac{1}{N(\mathcal{O}_L)^r} \sum_{T(\mathcal{O}_L), \varphi_r} F(T/\text{Im } \varphi) \cdot \frac{1}{\#\text{Aut } T}}{\sum_{N(\mathcal{O}_L) \leq x} \frac{1}{N(\mathcal{O}_L)^r} \sum_{T(\mathcal{O}_L), \varphi_r} \frac{1}{\#\text{Aut}(T)}}$$

w/ $\sum_{T(\mathcal{O}_L), \varphi_r} = \sum_{\substack{T: \chi(T) = \mathcal{O}_L \\ \varphi \in \text{Hom}(\mathcal{O}_L^r, T)}}$

w/ $\chi(T) := \prod_v \prod_{\mathcal{O}} \prod_i \mu_{\mathbb{Q}}^{(i)}$
 $\varphi: T = (T_{r,\alpha})_{r,\alpha}$ w/ $T_{r,\alpha} = \bigoplus_{\mathbb{C}} \mathcal{O}_{E_r} / \mathfrak{m}_{E_r, \alpha}^{(i)}$

Elliptic Curve Heuristics

\exists natural 1-1 correspondence $\mathcal{S} \leftrightarrow F$ (for restricted \mathcal{S})
 s.t. if E/\mathbb{Q} elliptic curve, we have

$$M_{E,r}(\mathcal{S}) = M_r(F)$$

Ex. G -cycle $\Leftrightarrow G_p$: cyclic $\approx \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}$

$\mathcal{S}_0 = \mathbb{1}_G^{\text{odd}} = \text{cycle}$

$\mathcal{F}_0 = \mathbb{1}_T = \text{simple}$ i.e., $T_{r,\alpha} = M_{r,\alpha} / M_{r,\alpha}^{N_{r,\alpha}} \forall r,\alpha \in E_r$

Cor. Assume Elliptic Curve Heuristics.

The Probability of $\text{III}^{\text{odd}}(E/L)$ being cycle among all quadratic L/\mathbb{Q} s.t. $\text{rk } E(L) = 0$

is given by

$$\frac{\sum_{E_p=2} \mathcal{O}(6)}{\sum_{E_p=2} \mathcal{O}(2) \sum_{E_p=2} \mathcal{O}(3)} \cdot \frac{\sum_{E(2)} \mathcal{O}(2) \sum_{E(3)} \mathcal{O}(3)}{\sum_{E(6)} \mathcal{O}(6)} \cdot C_{\text{ob}}(E/\mathbb{Q})$$

local Artin data \leftarrow Have well zeta \leftarrow Reason $\sum_{E(6)}$