

Def. $\hat{\zeta}_{\mathbb{K}}^{SL_n}(s) := \sum_{\mathbb{K}} (SL_n, P_{w,1})$ (-ns)

$\Rightarrow \left[\sum_{\mathbb{K}} (SL_n) = \sum_{\mathbb{K}} (SL_n) \right]$ F.E.

(25)

Thm. (Special Un. Family of Zetas)

$\hat{\zeta}_{\mathbb{K}, n}(s) = \int \frac{\dim R(B) \cdot (y+1)}{n(y+1)} \cdot \hat{\zeta}_{\mathbb{K}}^{SL_n}(s)$

Two ways of proof. } Periods: "Very & rapidly Mellin transform."
Wall-crossing: Mozgovoy-Reineke-W-Z.

Explicit Expression.

Easily, $W_{\mathbb{K}}^{G,P}(-ns) = \lim_{n \rightarrow (ns-n)\tilde{\Delta}_p + \mathcal{S}} \left(\prod_{\alpha \in \Delta_p} (1 - q^{-\langle \lambda - \rho, \alpha^\vee \rangle}) \cdot W_{\mathbb{K}}^{SL_n}(\text{tr } 1) \right)$

Each $w \in W$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow (ns-n)\tilde{\Delta}_p + \mathcal{S}}$

$\frac{\prod_{\alpha \in \Delta_p} (1 - q^{-\langle \lambda - \rho, \alpha^\vee \rangle})}{\prod_{\alpha \in \Delta} (1 - q^{-\langle w\lambda - \rho, \alpha^\vee \rangle})} \cdot \prod_{\alpha > 0} (1 - q^{-\langle \lambda, \alpha^\vee \rangle})$
 - $\langle \lambda, \alpha \rangle + 1$
 - $\langle \lambda - \rho, \alpha^\vee \rangle = 0 \Rightarrow$ cancellation w/ other factors
 other side = 0.

- ⊙ Denominator
- ⊙ poles of zeta

$w^+ \alpha \in \Delta_p$

$\hat{\zeta}_{\mathbb{K}}(\langle \lambda, \alpha \rangle)$ $\alpha > 0$ $w \alpha < 0$ & $\alpha \in \Delta_p$

$W_0 = \{ w \in W \mid \{ \alpha \in \Delta_p : w \alpha < 0 \text{ or } w \alpha \in -\Delta_p \} = \Delta_p \}$ $\leftrightarrow S_n \ni \sigma$
 (special permutations)